

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Resources and Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection: Public Comment Request;

The Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program: Advancing Health Equity

in Response to the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency, 0906-XXXX, New

AGENCY: Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), Department of Health and

Human Services.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the requirement for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, HRSA announces plans to submit an Information Collection Request (ICR), described below, to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). Prior to submitting the ICR to OMB, HRSA seeks comments from the public regarding the burden estimate, below, or any other aspect of the ICR.

DATES: Comments on this ICR should be received no later than [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER].

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments to *paperwork@hrsa.gov* or mail the HRSA Information Collection Clearance Officer, 14N136B, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and draft instruments, email *paperwork@hrsa.gov* or call Samantha Miller, the acting HRSA Information Collection Clearance Officer at (301) 443-9094.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Information Collection Request Title: The Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home

Visiting (MIECHV) Program: Advancing Health Equity in Response to the COVID-19 Public Health

Emergency OMB No. 0906-XXXX, NEW

Abstract: The MIECHV Program is authorized by Social Security Act, Title V, § 511 (42) U.S.C. § 711) and Congress made available supplemental appropriations to carry out the program through the American Rescue Plan Act (P.L. 117-2). American Rescue Plan Act funds are being used to support the MIECHV: Advancing Health Equity in Response to the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency project. The project includes five case studies to be conducted in communities across the United States. Communities will be selected based on a county level assessment of available data on social and structural determinants of health, the variation in COVID-19 patterns including disparities in key COVID-19 indicators, and the existence of MIECHV-funded local implementing agencies. The five communities will represent a mix of urban and rural counties and Tribal communities with measurable health disparities by race and ethnicity. The case studies will lead to a deeper understanding of the ways in which COVID-19 has shaped families' experiences, and the role home visiting plays (and could play) in addressing the inequities that continue to accrue from the pandemic within a community. Information gained from these case studies can inform the development of more responsive home visiting systems and more equitable health and family support systems more broadly. Data collection activities include key informant interviews, focus groups, and online surveys. All necessary human subject protections will be adhered to, including seeking Institutional Review Board approval of data collection and analysis plans prior to commencing any data collection activities.

Need and Proposed Use of the Information: HRSA is seeking additional information about the strategies and partners home visiting programs have used to advance health equity in communities disproportionately impacted by the COVID-19 public health emergency. HRSA intends to use this information to provide technical assistance and disseminate best practices to MIECHV awardees, publish findings for lay and research audiences to advance the field's knowledge of home visiting's role in COVID-19 response, and to prepare state and local home visiting programs to address disparities in access to care and outcomes, including during future public health emergencies.

Likely Respondents: States, territories, and, where applicable, nonprofit organizations receiving MIECHV funding to provide home visiting services within states; state and local representatives from

home visiting, public health, health care, and other human service agencies in the early childhood system; community organizers, Tribal elders, religious leaders; families (including families participating in MIECHV-funded home visiting services and those with shared experiences); community members, including community-based program administrators and community service providers, including home visitors.

Burden Statement: Burden in this context means the time expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, disclose, or provide the information requested. This includes the time needed to review instructions; to develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purpose of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; to train personnel and to be able to respond to a collection of information; to search data sources; to complete and review the collection of information; and to transmit or otherwise disclose the information. The total annual burden hours estimated for this ICR are summarized in the table below.

Total Estimated Annualized Burden Hours¹:

Form Name	Number of Respondents	Number of Responses per Respondent	Total Responses	Average Burden per Response (in hours)	Total Burden Hours
Community Interview Protocol	60	1	60	1.50	90
Family and Community Focus Group Guide	240	1	240	2.00	480
Community and Home Visitor Survey Instrument	500	1	500	0.75	375
Program Data	15	1	15	2.00	30
Total	815		815		975

¹ There may be variation in the number of study participants and home visiting programs in each community (e.g., some selected communities may have fewer home visitors). The total burden hours presented here provide information assuming the maximum number of respondents in each community.

HRSA specifically requests comments on (1) the necessity and utility of the proposed information collection for the proper performance of the agency's functions, (2) the accuracy of the estimated burden, (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected,

and (4) the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology to minimize the information collection burden.

Maria G. Button,

Director, Executive Secretariat.

[FR Doc. 2022-05635 Filed: 3/16/2022 8:45 am; Publication Date: 3/17/2022]